

Harrop-Procter's approach to setting an AAC

BCCFA conference
June 2015



Outline

- Community process
- AAC netdowns
- Scenarios



Community process

- Process tied to new Management Plan
- 18 month iterative process of landbase/ AAC analysis and board/ community discussions
- Three public meetings over 12 months
- In-depth board discussion of scenarios and options



Management Plan / AAC mandate

- Low risk approach to water
- Riparian and headwaters protection
- Protect ecologically sensitive and rare sites
- Old growth reserves and recruitment
- Protect key wildlife habitat
- Maintain visual quality
- Realistic assessment of economic operability
- Incorporate partial cutting approach



Community Forest Agreement K18
Timber Supply Analysis - August 2012
Interim Map
Medium to Base Case Timber Harvesting Landbase

Areas Wholly Reserved from Timber Harvesting Landbase

- Overrepresented woodland within Area
- The Area identified from TSM mapping
- Riparian Forest Areas with potential for water quality improvement
- Forest types with value to the potential watercourse
- Riparian Forest Areas with potential for water quality improvement
- Potential and Overrepresented Englewood Forest - Substrate P1 Forest
- Areas with Forest Quality Class 1 from Forest Quality Measurements
- Forests > 100 years old or where Carbon Stock is high
- Carbon Potential per Unit (COPU) > 100 kg C m⁻²
- The Forest Management Plan
- Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESA)
- Riparian Forest Corridor
- Riparian Forest Corridor

Areas Partially Reserved from Timber Harvesting Landbase

- Areas with Forest Quality Class 2 from Forest Quality Measurements
- Riparian Forest Corridor

Potential Timber Harvesting Landbase

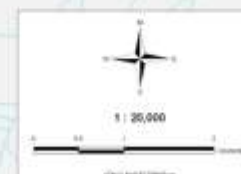
- Potential Timber Harvesting Landbase

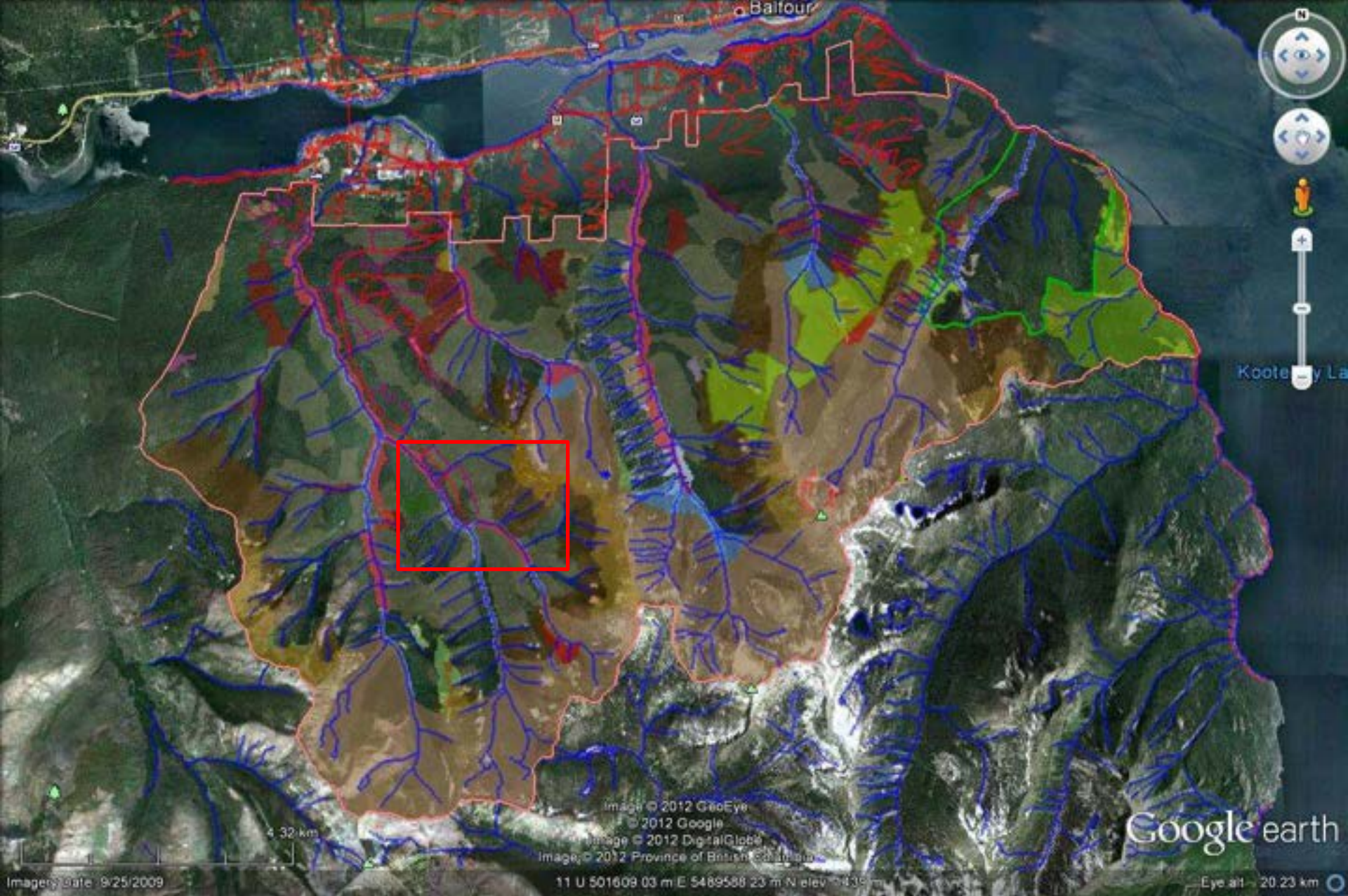
Water Features

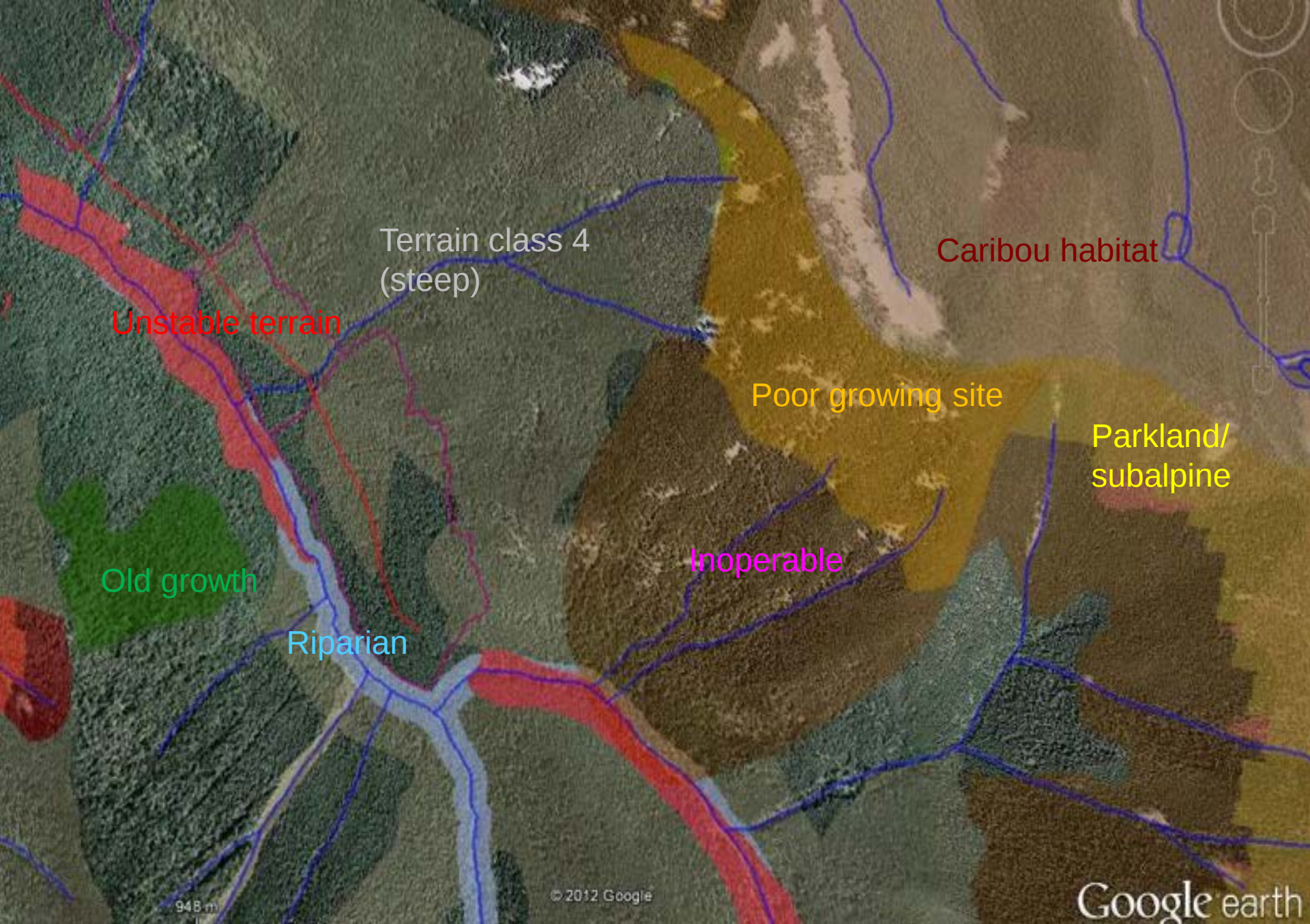
- Lake or Pond
- Stream
- Wetland

Transportation

- Road
- Rail Road
- Rough Road
- Foot







Terrain class 4
(steep)

Caribou habitat

Unstable terrain

Poor growing site

Parkland/
subalpine

Old growth

Inoperable

Riparian

948 m

© 2012 Google

Google earth



Longbeach

Sunshine Bay

Harrop

3A

Koot

3.65 km

Image © 2012 DigitalGlobe

Image © 2012 GeoEye

© 2012 Google

Image © 2012 Province of British Columbia

10 3503284 80 m E 5489808 43 m N elev: 1512 m

Google earth

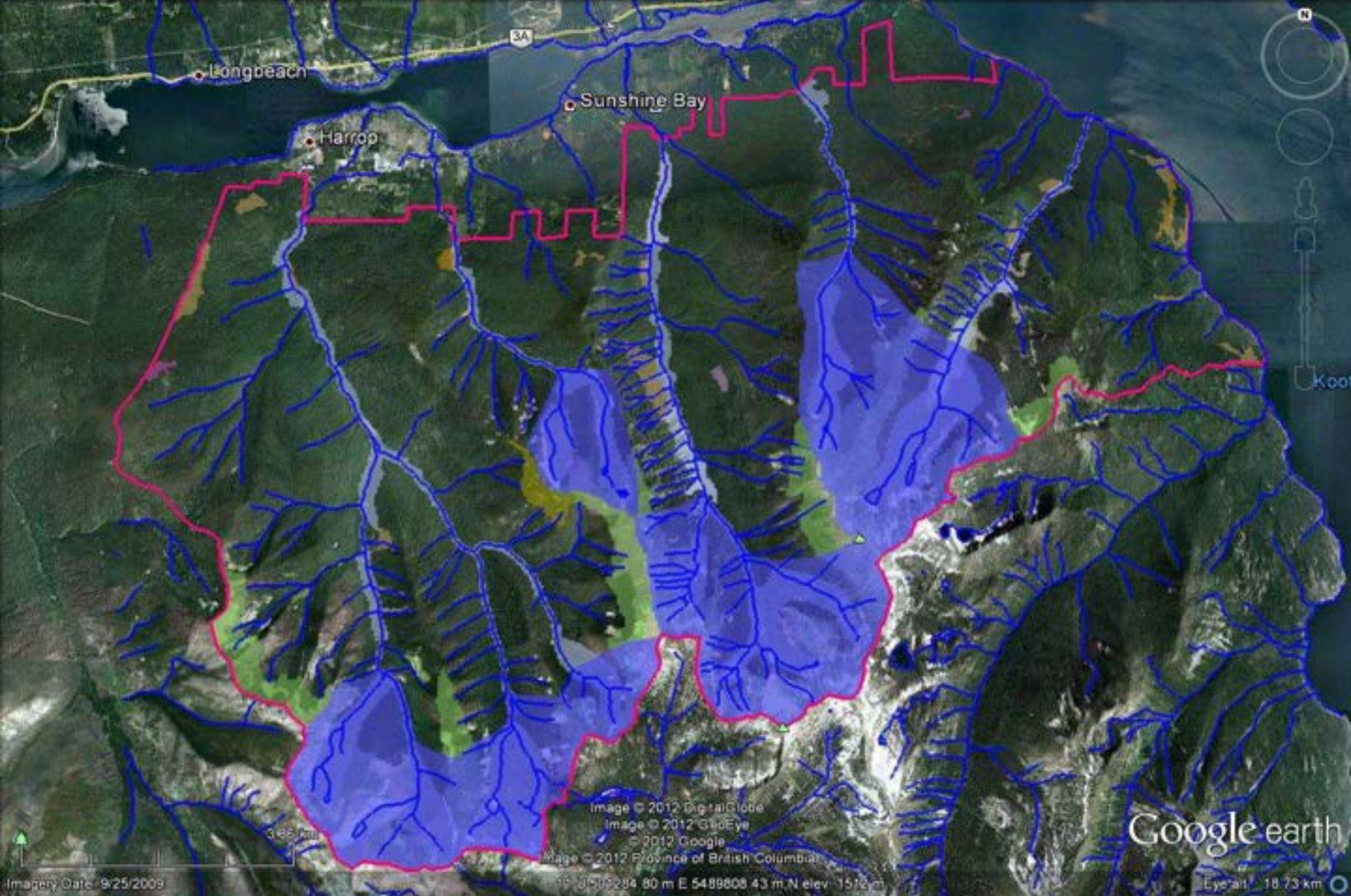
Eye alt: 18.73 km

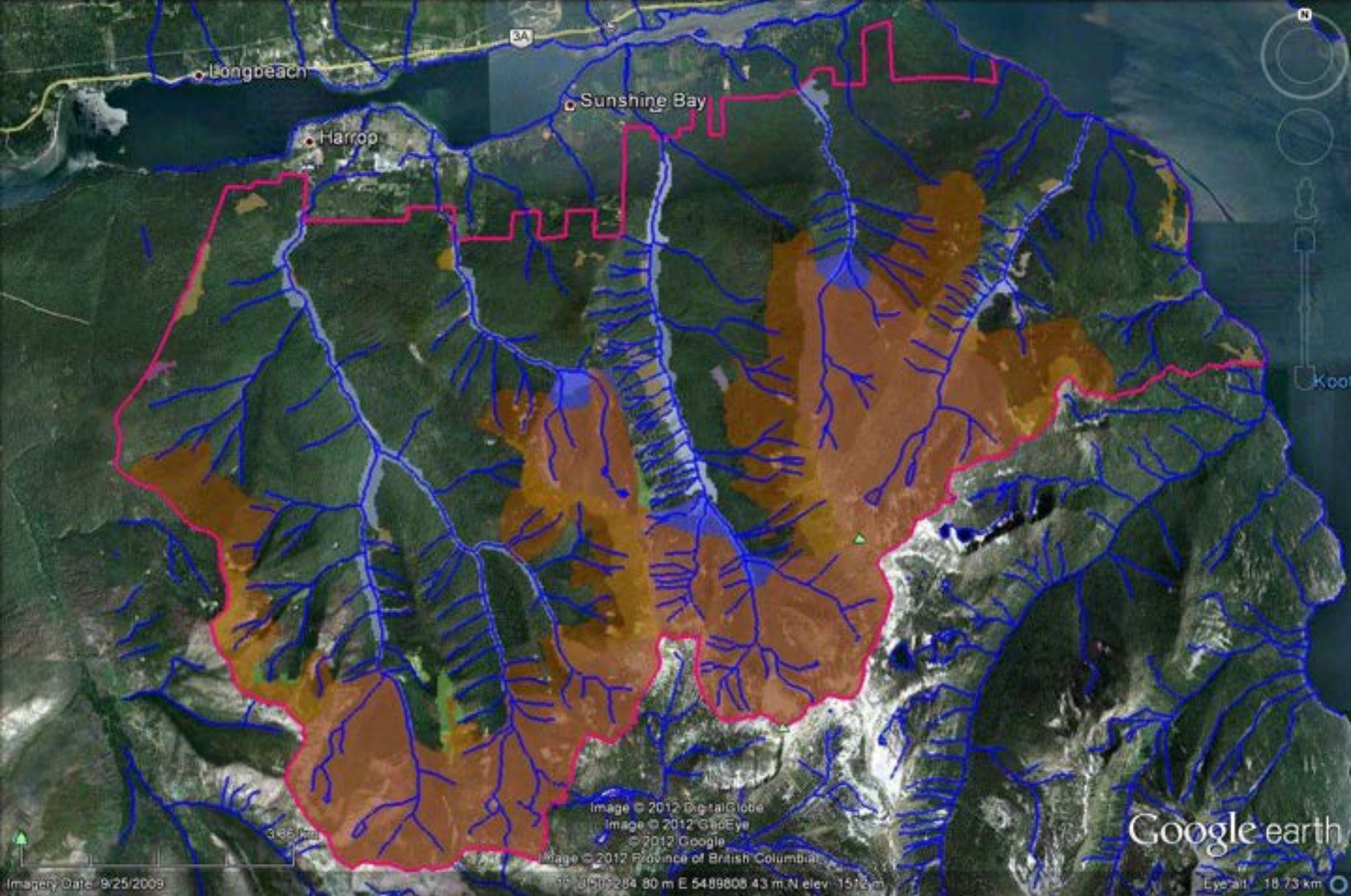
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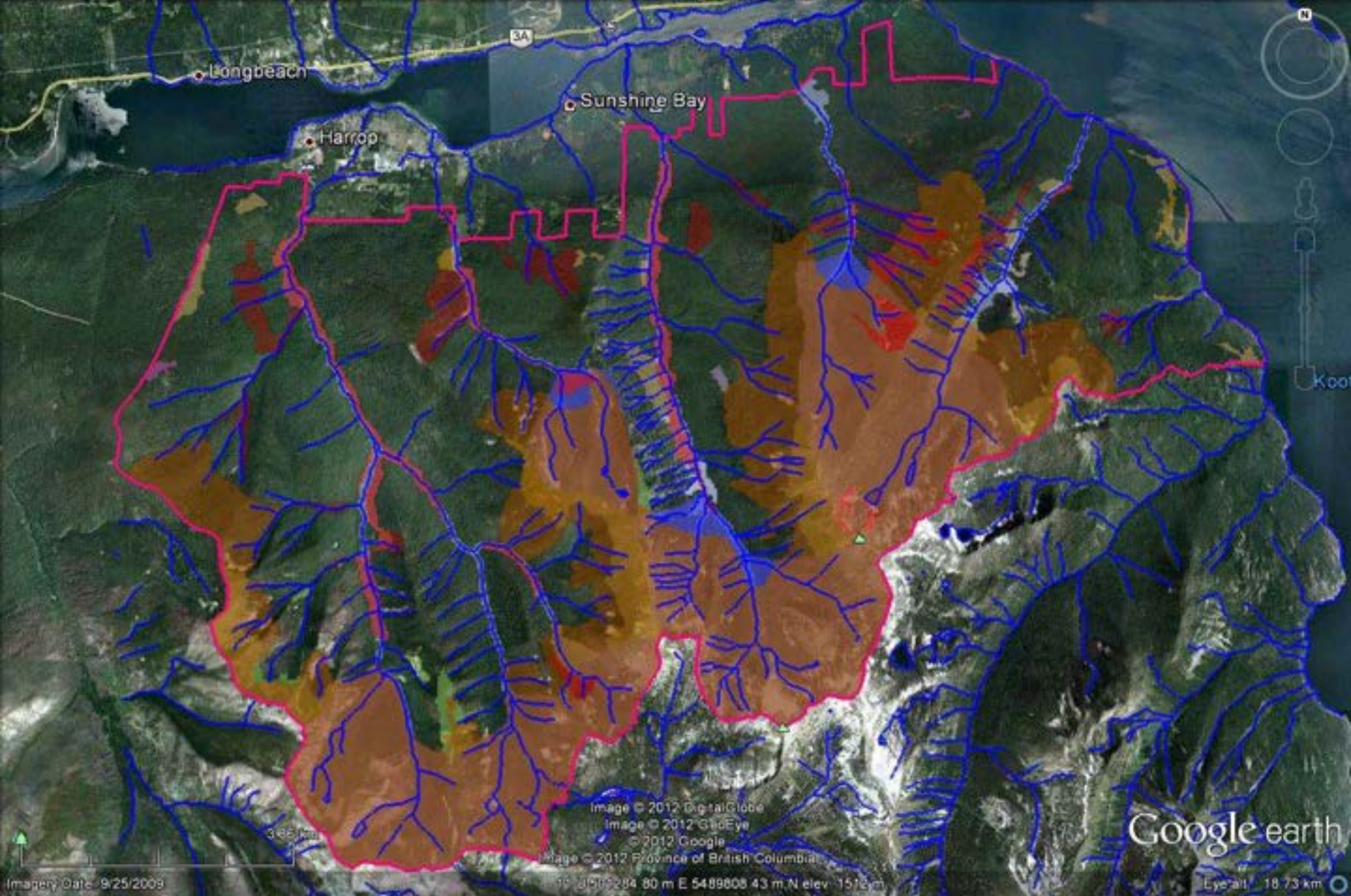


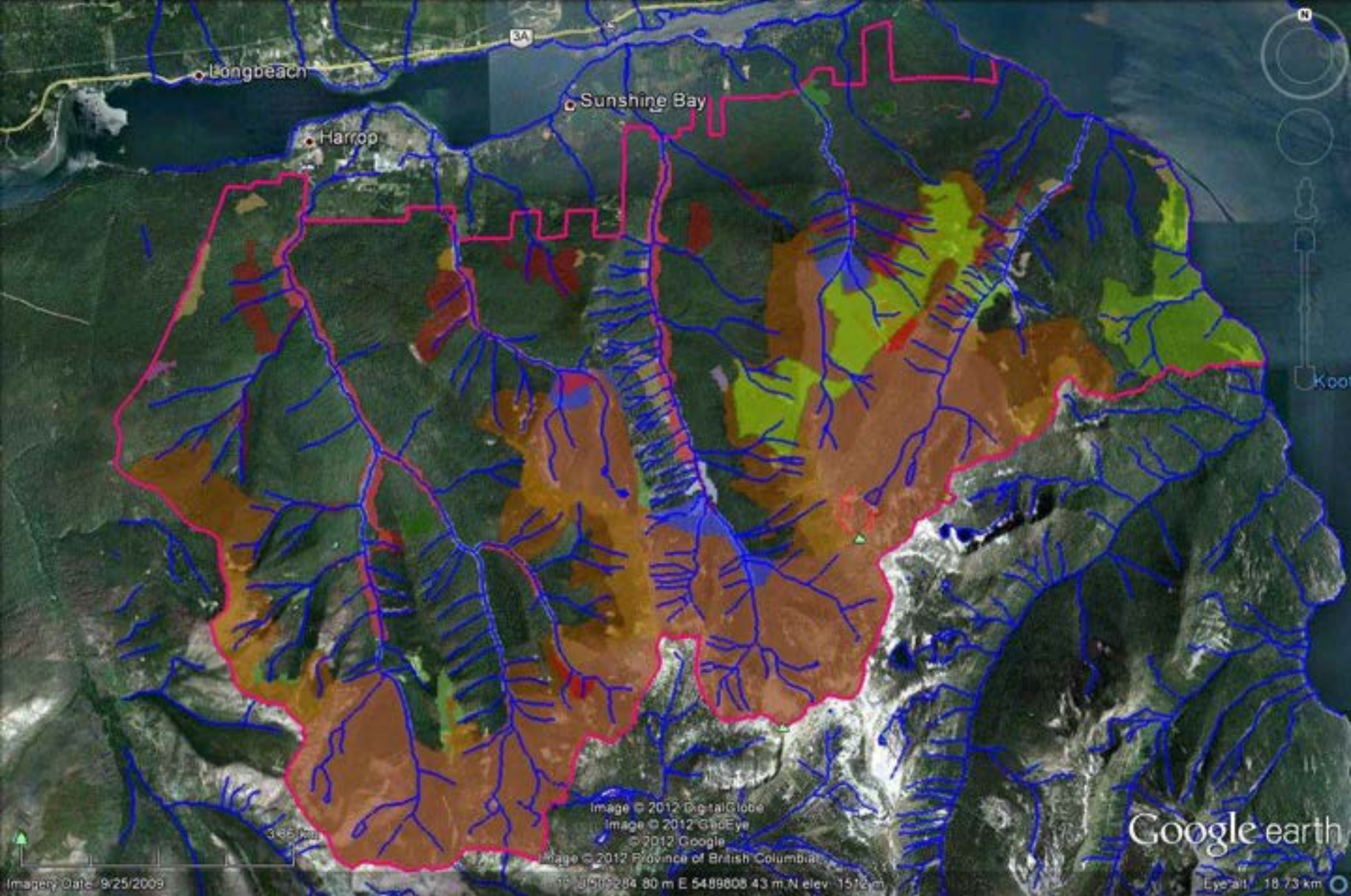


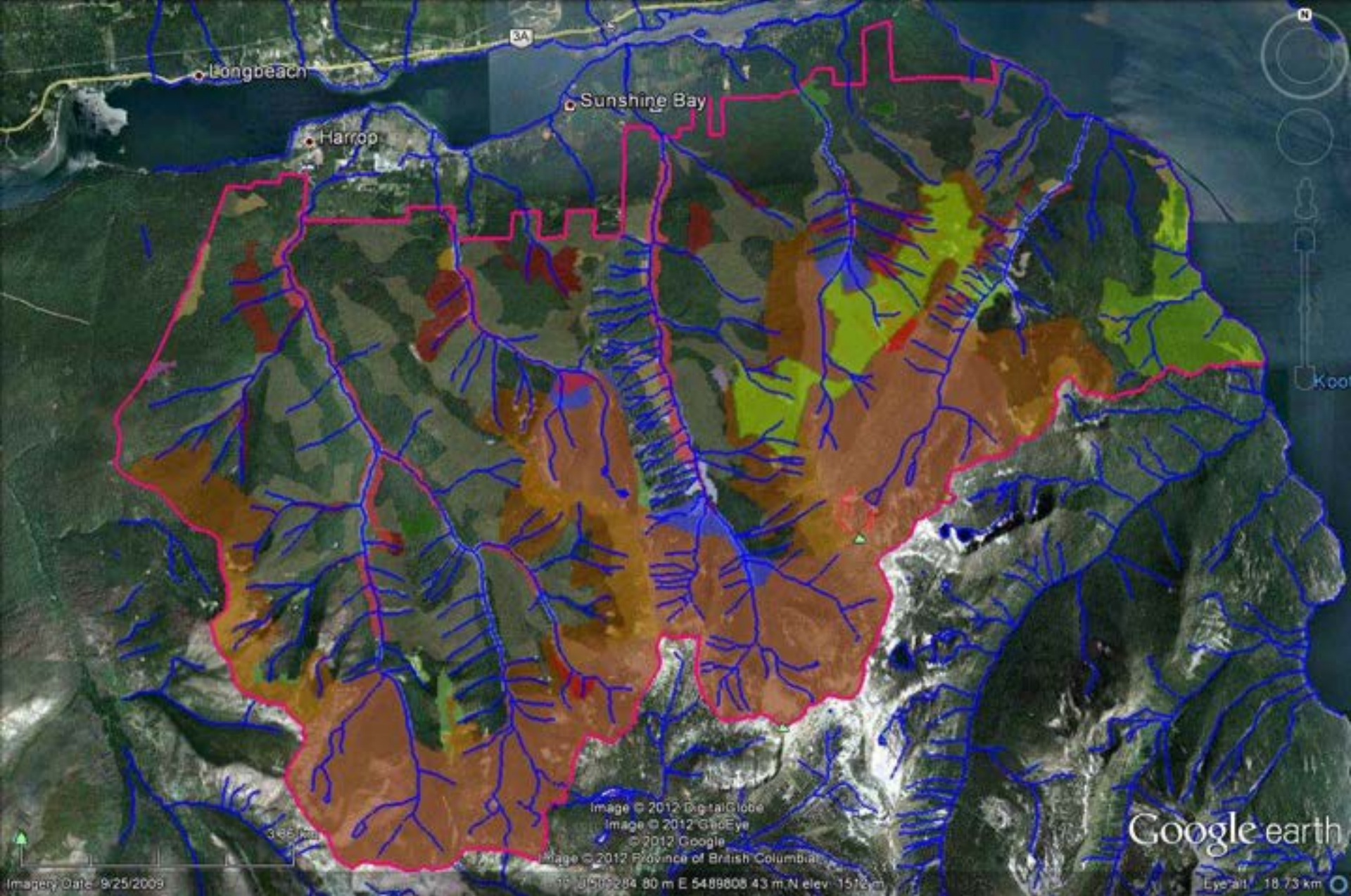


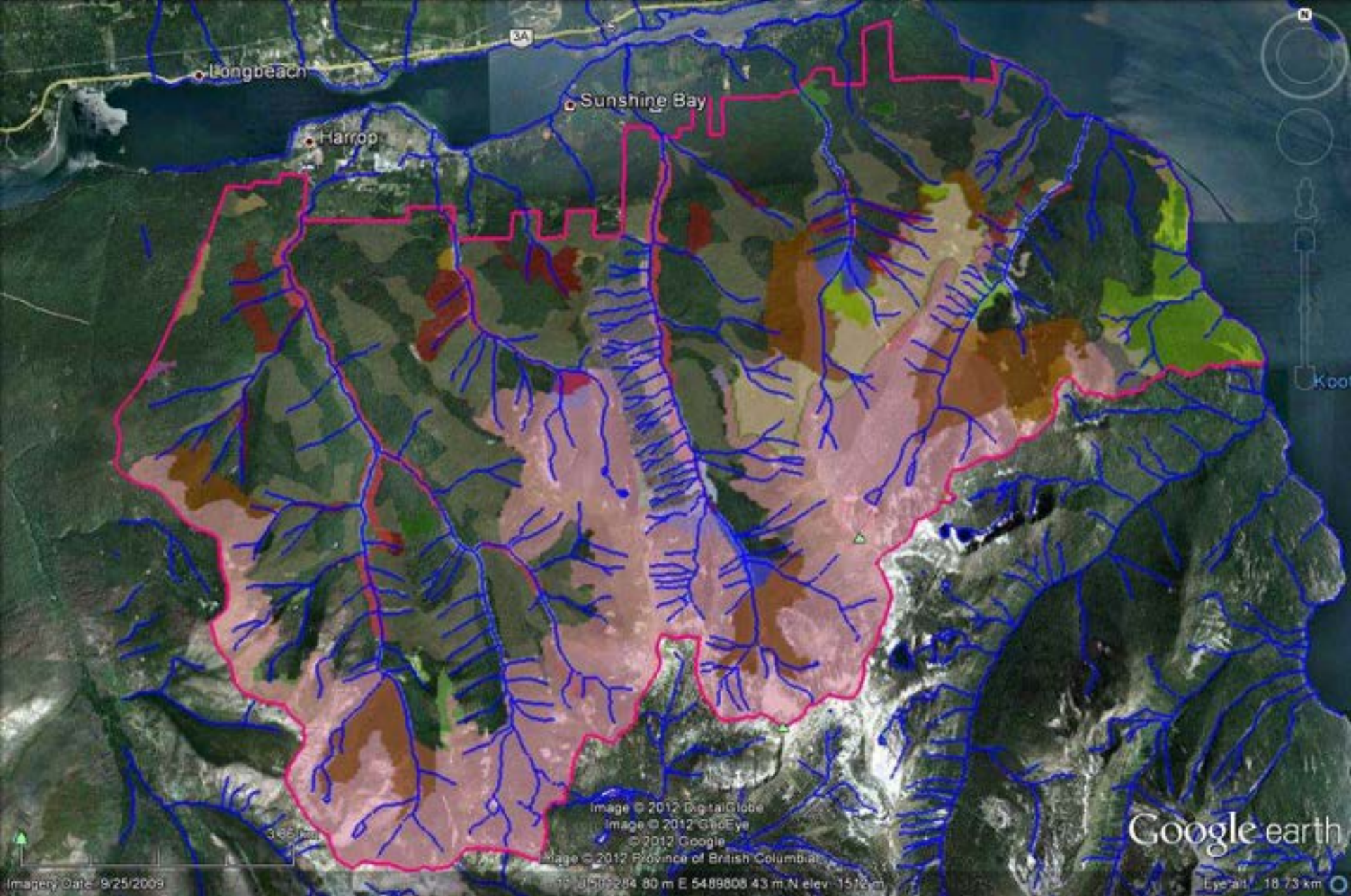


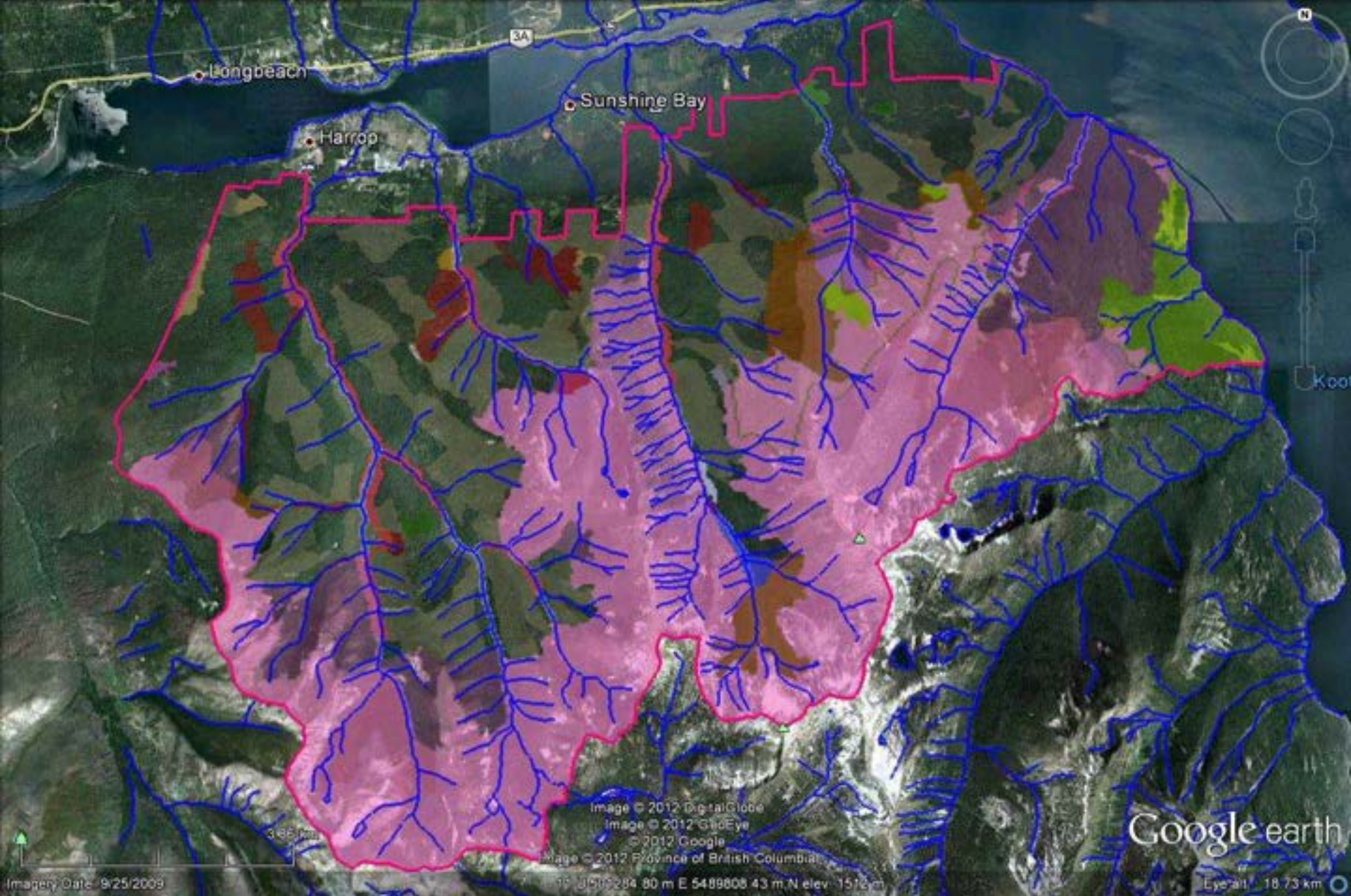












Longbeach

Sunshine Bay

Harrop

3A

Image © 2012 DigitalGlobe

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Image © 2012 Province of British Columbia

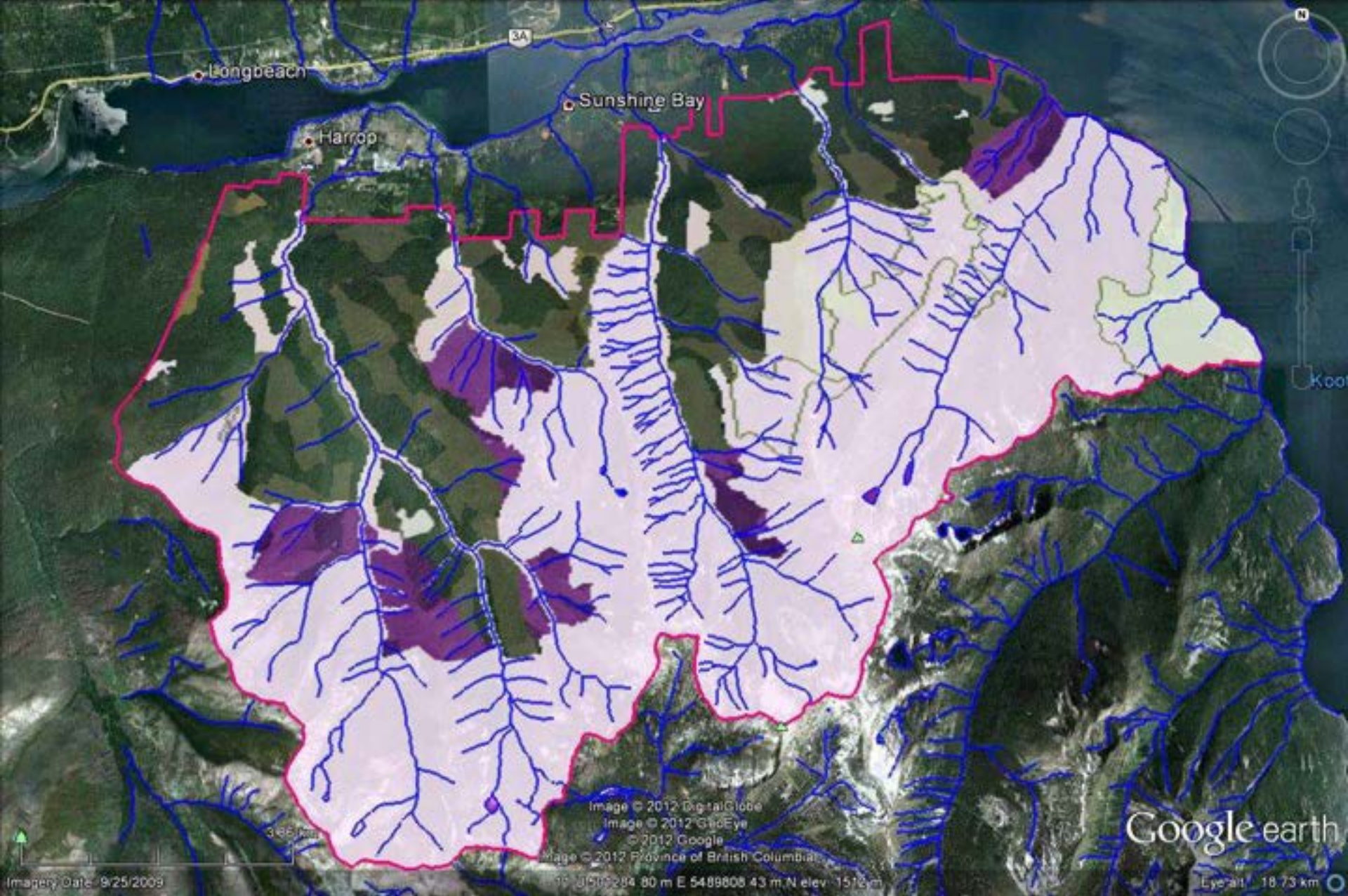
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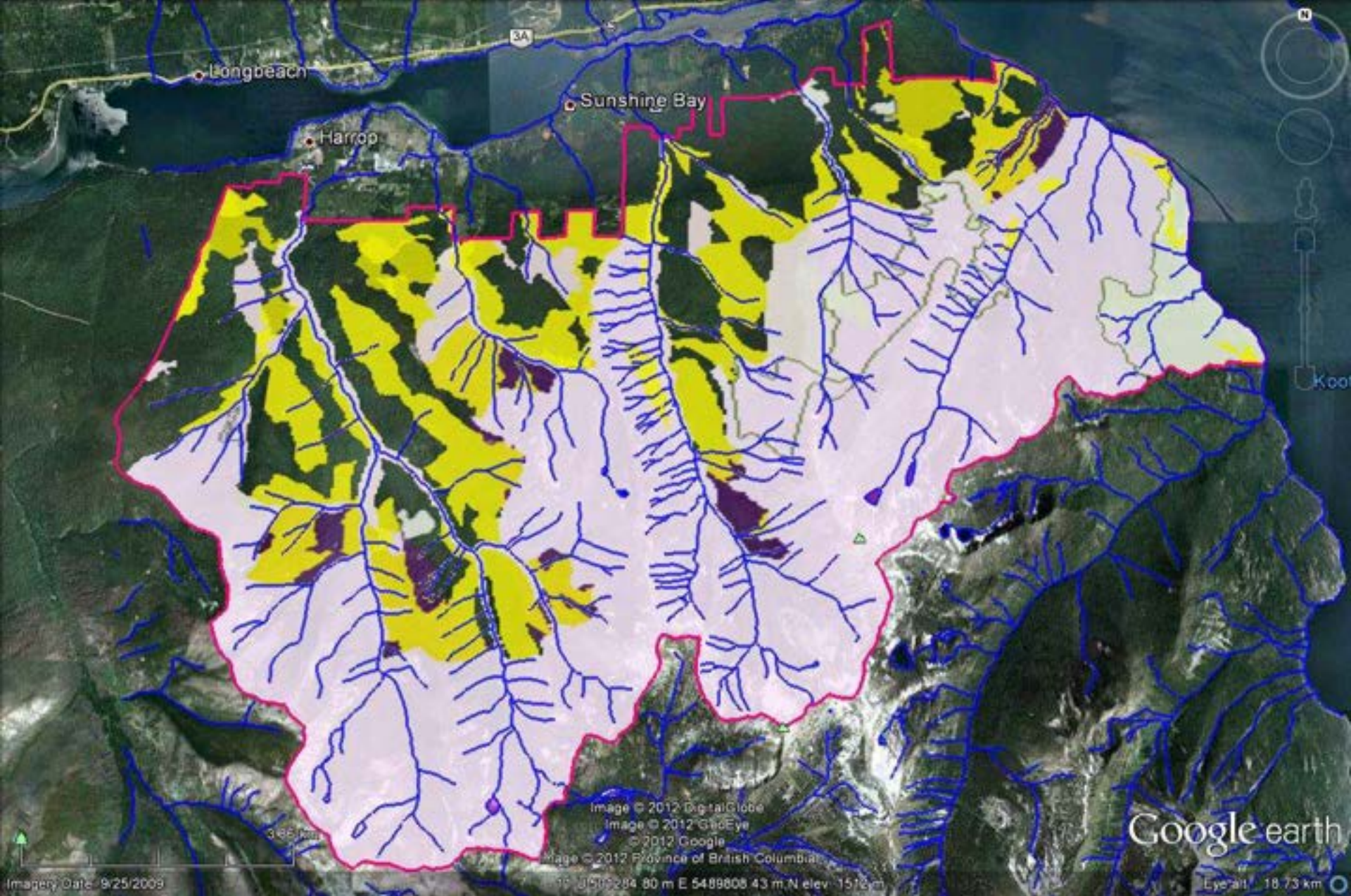
Google earth

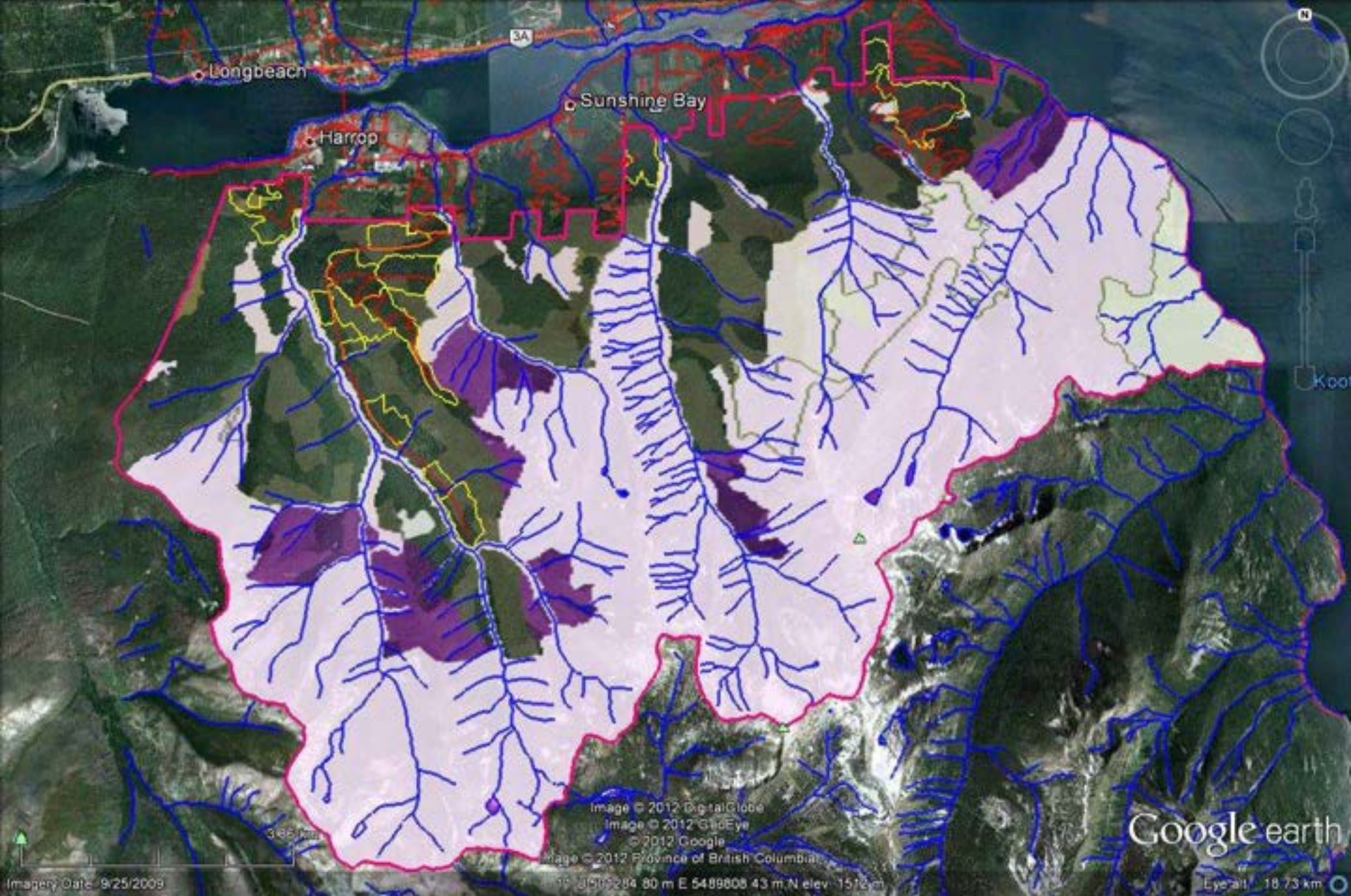
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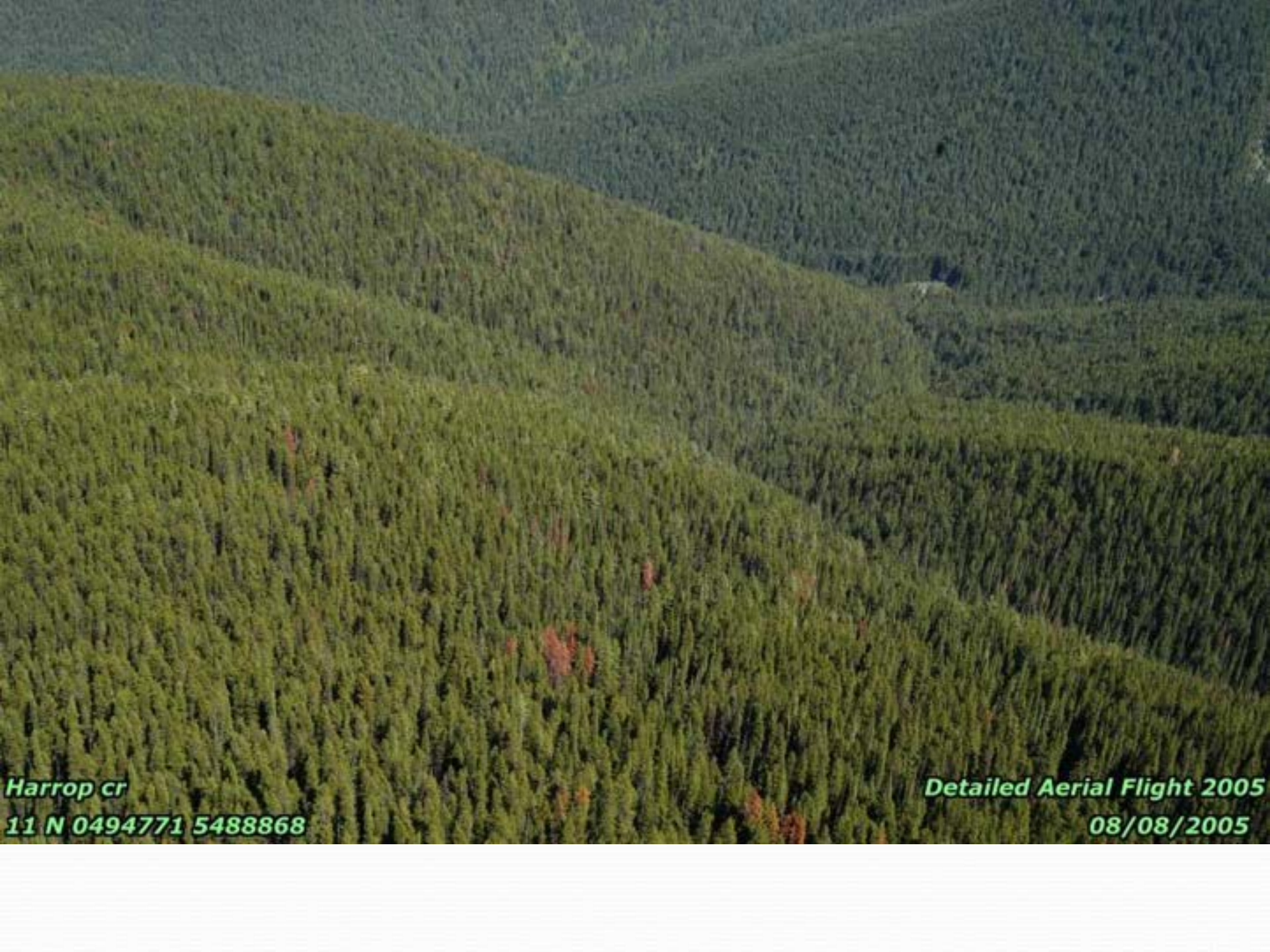
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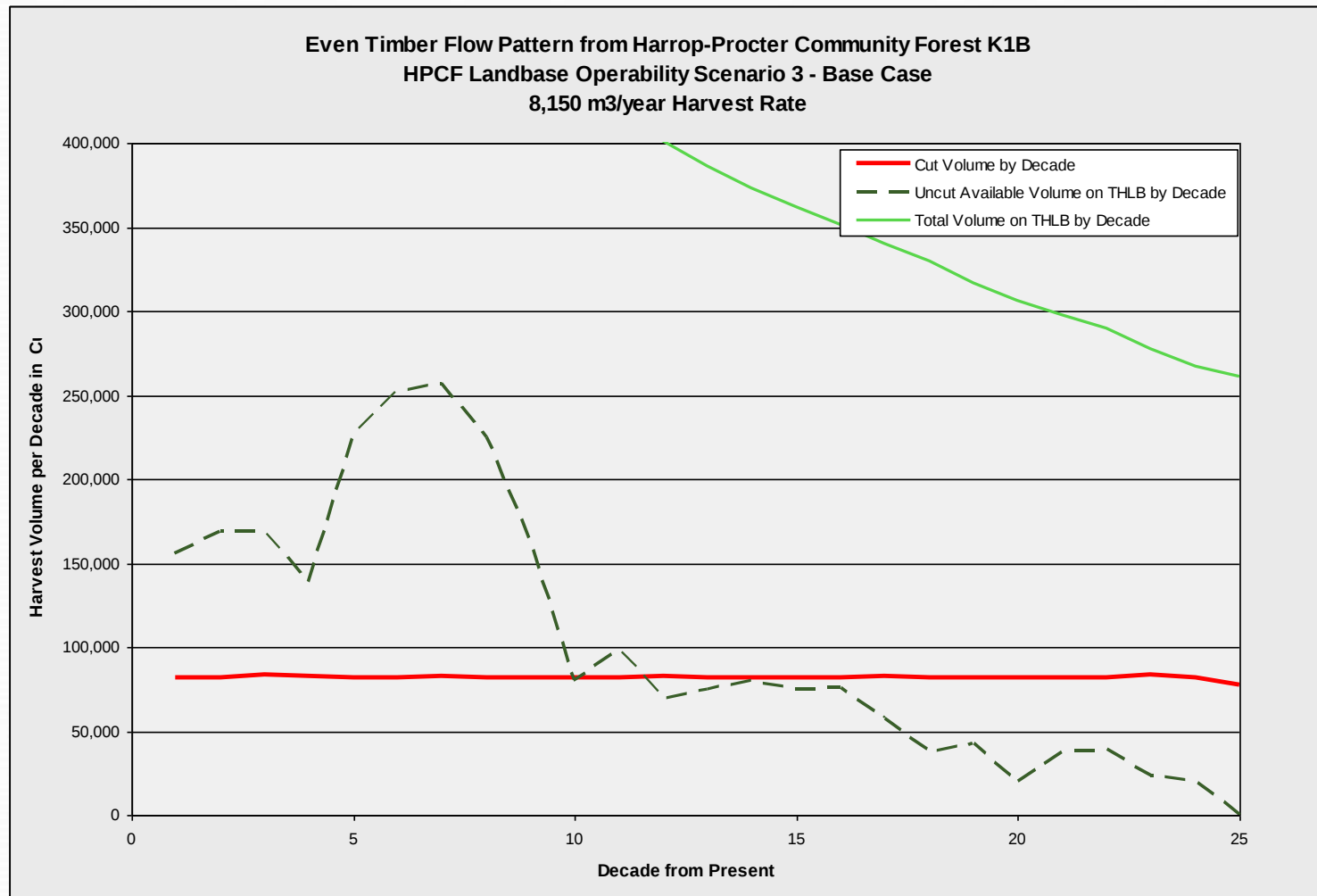
Detailed Aerial Flight 2005
08/08/2005





The model:

'Base case' — even-flow for 250 years



Operability Scenarios and Sensitivity analyses

Scenario	Harvest Rate at:					
	Year 1	Year 50	Year 100	Year 150	Year 200	Year 250
Base Case	8,150	8,150	8,150	8,150	8,150	8,150
Base Case - Accelerated Initial Harvest	10,000	10,000	7,558	8,029	8,000	7,126
Base Case - Accelerated Initial Harvest 2	12,000	11,000	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500
Operability Scenario 2	9,950	9,950	9,950	9,950	9,950	9,950
Operability Scenario 4	7,125	7,125	7,125	7,125	7,125	7,125
Relaxed Cover Constraints	8,200	8,200	8,200	8,200	8,200	8,200
Terrain Class 4 Netdown of 30%	9,200	9,200	9,200	9,200	9,200	9,200
Site Index - 3 Meters	6,400	6,400	6,400	6,400	6,400	6,400
Site Index + 3 Meters	9,850	9,850	9,850	9,850	9,850	9,850
TIPSY Yield for Managed Stands	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500
Pine Mortality	8,075	8,075	8,075	8,075	8,075	8,075

Our approach (as it evolved)

- Let's be conservative about where we log
- We know, based on new ecosystem data, that current growth rates are underestimated by 25 – 30%
- BUT our forests will be changing because of climate change—more fires, more open forests
- So ... let's see what a more conservative landbase with a more realistic growth rate looks like, and consider climate change

Timber Flow Pattern from Harrop-Procter Community Forest K1B
HPCF Landbase Operability Scenario 3 - Base Case + Elevated Initial Harvest Rate 1
Harvest Rate: 10,000 m³/year for 50 Years, and 8,000 m³/year thereafter



Choices

- Choose conservative operability scenario
- Choose active management for fire risks
- Consider climate change impacts—short-term vs long-term



Discussion

